

Leading learning and skills



#### Skills for Life: Policy, Funding and Targets Date October 19<sup>th</sup> 2005

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# Welcome

# 1.The National Strategy



- DfES Aim of SfL is to "build a competitive economy and inclusive society ..... Creating opportunity for everyone to develop their learning and release their potential"
- National Skills for Life Strategy improve by one level the Language, literacy and Numeracy (LLN)
- 2.25 million learners by 2010
- 750,000 by 2004 and 1.5m by 2007

SfL underpins many other Government priorities





- National Target of 750,000 by 2004 exceeded
- South-East achieved 89 % of target
- Further PSA targets for 2007 and 2010 set
- Nationally on course to meet 2007 target
- 41% of national target achieved
- 45% of South East target achieved

# 2.Targets



What contributes to the target?

- Key Skills at levels 1 and 2
- GCSEs English and Maths for 16+
- Adult Literacy and Numeracy qualifications at Entry3, Level 1 and Level 2
- New ESOL SFL qualifications

2/3s of the target comes from 16-19 provision
1/3 of the target comes from 19plus provision

Challenge - some qualifications are part of the national strategy but <u>don't</u> count to target!

# 2.Targets



The SfL "Adult" qualification suite is:

- Entry 1,2 in LLN
- Entry 3 & Levels 1 and 2 in LLN
- L1 & 2 often referred to as National Test
- Only Entry 3 and above count to the target
- Entry1 and 2 <u>must</u> be supported BUT a small part of literacy and numeracy provision in most cases
- ESOL has a different profile!



### 3.Policy – Adult Learners

- National Guidelines on 80 /20 split
- 80% 1<sup>st</sup> time contribution to target

   First Rungs learning (Entry1 and 2)
   Progression learning/ 2<sup>nd</sup> qualification
- 20% Pre-entry provision
  3,6,9 hour diagnostics and short courses

Challenge – difficult to differentiate in this way when collecting achievement data



### 3.Policy – Adult Learners

- Nationally 56% of provision does not directly lead to a nationally recognised qualification counting to the PSA
- What percentage would we expect to count toward the PSA ?
- Under 20% of the SE population have skills at entry 2 or below in numeracy
- Under 5% of the SE population have skills at entry 2 or below in literacy
- Majority of L&N learners should be on Entry3 or above programmes



### 3.Policy – Adult Learners

#### **Policy aims:**

- 1. Dramatic increase in use of nationally recognised qualifications
- 2. Development of progression routes
- 3. SfL not a cul-de-sac but part of WOA
- 4. Equality of opportunity for learners
- 5. Use of tasters and short courses as part of a strategy to engage and progress learners
- 6. Advertised provision at Entry3, levels 1 and 2

# 3.Policy – ESOL



#### **Policy aims:**

- 1. Ensure providers are using the new ESOL SfL certificates (or units of)
- 2. Reduce use of internal accreditation and ILPS as main form of accreditation
- 3. ESOL SfL certificates are large qualifications and will take longer than Literacy / Numeracy
- 4. A large proportion of ESOL learners appear to be at Entry 1 and 2
- 5. Recognise impact of new qualifications maybe negative on provider's countable qualifications



### 3.Policy – 16 -19 Learners

#### **Policy aims:**

- 1. Tackle the over 1 in 2 learners who join programmes without level 2 skills / qualifications in LLN
- 2. Dramatically increase achievement rates at level two / Key Skills
- 3. Embed SfL within vocational programmes
- 4. Make more effective use of Entitlement (TEKS) funding
- 5. Lay foundations for 14 19 reforms

# 4.Funding



- 1. For FE funding comes through the allocation
- 2. Priorities agreed with LSC through 3 Year Development Plans
- 3. Adult discrete learners continue to be funded at 1.4 rate
- 4. How funding is used will be negotiated between provider and LLSC with policy priorities as guiding principle
- 5. 16 -19 have an entitlement to funded SfL through TEKS

### 5.Three Year Development Plans



#### How is SfL referenced?

- Short narrative in provider plans
- Toolbox table for planned starts and success rates
- Are plans fit for purpose?
- Look at background data, ILR, inspection report etc
- Relationship with provider including curriculum lead
- Understand the data together

# 6.Key Messages



- 1. Adults SfL offer is a qualification route AND a progression route
- 2. 16 -19 SfL is a route to improving level two performance, especially in English and Maths for all post 16 learners
- SfL is both an end in itself AND a weapon in war against low achievement and poor retention on vocational programmes
   ESOL learners have a different profile